

## **Abstract**

Terrorism has become a global phenomenon endangering the entire humanity, and rarely any country is saved from this risk. The effects of this phenomenon reflected on the progress and development of countries. The objective of these countries has become to avoid terrorism and its crimes. Terrorism takes multiple forms and ways, which conform with one objective, being the undermining of security and causing instability. Terrorism does not belong to a specific religion or nation. However, its roots affected all nations. As Kuwait is one of the countries which suffered from terrorism since the beginning of the 70's and the terrorist crimes it witnessed afterwards, including the incident of bombarding the convoy of His Highness the late Amir Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad. Therefore, the Kuwaiti government has confronted terrorism crimes by applying the provisions of the Kuwaiti law.

Furthermore, Kuwait ratified the regional and international treaties on combating terrorism. However, this matter does not seem easy as these treaties require a ratification by the Kuwaiti parliament (National Assembly) and are required to conform with the freedoms and human rights set forth in the Constitution.

This paper examines the stand of the Kuwaiti government towards confrontation of terrorism crimes through the implementation of the Kuwaiti penal law and its ratification of the regional and international treaties on combating terrorism.

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